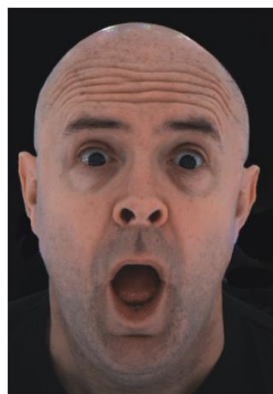




Input image



Reflectance



## Graphics, Vision and Video Group

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# Computer Vision for Computer Graphics

Prof. Dr. Christian Theobalt

Dr. Christian Richardt

Summer Semester 2014



# Coordinates

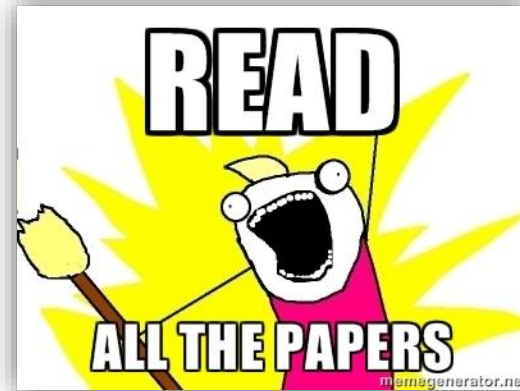
- MPI-INF – E1 4, room 019
- Thursdays, 14:15 – 16:00
- Mailing list:
  - [itvc@lists.mpi-inf.mpg.de](mailto:itvc@lists.mpi-inf.mpg.de)
  - <https://lists.mpi-inf.mpg.de/listinfo>
- Website:
  - [http://gvv.mpi-inf.mpg.de/teaching/gvv\\_seminar\\_2014/](http://gvv.mpi-inf.mpg.de/teaching/gvv_seminar_2014/)

# Organisers

- Christian Theobalt
  - MPI-INF, room 228
  - [theobalt@mpi-inf.mpg.de](mailto:theobalt@mpi-inf.mpg.de)
- Christian Richardt (organisational contact)
  - MPI-INF, room 215
  - [richardt@mpi-inf.mpg.de](mailto:richardt@mpi-inf.mpg.de)

# Formal requirements in a nutshell

- Your presence is required!
  - We will monitor attendance.
- Read all the papers
- Submit questions for and participate in discussion
- One topic is “Your Topic” (2 papers):
  - Deliver a 30 minute presentation
  - Write a 5–7 page report
- Grade: talk 30%, discussion 30%, report 40%



# Prior knowledge

- Not for beginners in visual computing
- You need experience in:
  - computer vision
  - computer graphics
  - geometric modeling
  - basic numerical methods
- Examples: you should know how ...
  - ... a camera is modeled mathematically
  - ... 3D transformations are described
  - ... a system of equations is solved, etc.

# Registration

- Register by email – [richardt@mpi-inf.mpg.de](mailto:richardt@mpi-inf.mpg.de)
  - Matriculation number, degree program, semester, previous courses or experience (if you haven't done this yet)
- Fill in sign-up sheet
- Topic assignment:
  - Send a list of 3 topics (in order of preference) until **Monday, 21 April 2014**
  - Slots are filled in first-come, first-served fashion
  - We will try to accommodate wishes as much as possible
  - Topics will be assigned on **Tuesday, 22 April 2014**
- Lastly register in HiS POS in 2–4 weeks (email to come)

# Organisation

- 18 topics to choose from
  - Listed on seminar website
  - Introduced in detail later today
- 10 presentation slots in total:
  - First presentation: **Thursday, 8 May 2014**
  - Each week until **Thursday, 24 July 2014** (including)
- Each topic has a supervisor:
  - You can ask questions by e-mail at any time
    - about your topic, the papers, your presentation and report
  - Up to one office hour per week

# Presentations

- Same order as on seminar website
  - Slots can be swapped if necessary: talk to other participants first
- About 30 minutes long:
  - About 5 minutes:
    - summary of previous week
    - finding themes that join the two weeks
  - About 25 minutes:
    - presentation of the two papers
    - again finding the common links between the papers
- Direct public feedback from seminar organisers after talk



# Suggested presentation preparation

- Schedule two meetings with your supervisor:
  - First meeting: 2–3 weeks before presentation:
    - Read the papers for this meeting
    - Ask questions if you have difficulties
    - Discuss your plans for presentation
  - Second meeting: 1 week before presentation:
    - Prepare a preliminary presentation
    - We can provide feedback
- It is your responsibility to arrange the meetings
- Do not rely on them providing last-minute feedback

# Discussion

- 45–60 minutes long
- Day before the seminar:
  - Submit 2+ questions for discussion to [richardt@mpi-inf.mpg.de](mailto:richardt@mpi-inf.mpg.de)
  - Important: your contribution will be marked
- At the seminar:
  - One person chosen at random leads the discussion
  - Will get digest of questions submitted before the seminar
  - Gives summary of the strengths and weaknesses
  - Moderates and guides discussion
  - Raises open questions that remain
  - This will also be marked

# Report

- 5–7 page summary of the major ideas in your topic:
  - 3–4 pages on the two papers
  - 3–4 additional paper references
  - 2–3 pages with your own ideas, for example:
    - Limitations not mentioned in the paper + sketch of potential solution
    - Try to suggest improvements
    - Novel ideas based on content described in the papers
    - Can be the result of the discussion after your presentation
- The idea is that you get a feeling for your specific topic surpassing the level of simply understanding a paper.

# Report

- Due date: **Thursday, 21 August 2014**  
(4 weeks after last seminar)
- Send PDF by e-mail
- We will provide a LaTeX template on seminar website
  - If you use other software, make it look like the LaTeX template
    - this is your responsibility
  - Strongly recommended to learn LaTeX

# Grading

## ■ **Presentation (overall: 30%)**

- Form (30%): time, speed, structure of slides
- Content (50%): structure, story line and connections, main points, clarity
- Questions (20%): answers to questions

## ■ **Discussion (overall: 30%)**

- Submitted questions (33%): insight, depth, inquisition
- Participation (33%): willingness, debate, ideas
- Moderation (33%): strengths and weaknesses, integration of questions

## ■ **Report (overall: 40%)**

- Form (10%): diligence, structure, appropriate length
- Context (20%): the big picture, topic in context
- Technical correctness (30%)
- Discussion (40%): novelty, transfer, own ideas / in own words

# Benefits to you

- Practise important skills in research
  - Read and understand technical papers
  - Present scientific results and convince other people
  - Analyse and develop new ideas through discussions
- Discussion is essential:
  - If you don't participate, you miss a big chance
  - Most ideas are developed in discussions about other papers
- Therefore:
  - Prepare for the seminar classes!
  - Participate actively in the discussions!
  - Benefit from the interaction in the group!

# What this seminar is not ...

- A course to just sit and listen
  - Come prepared
  - Read all papers before class, think about problems, submit questions and discuss them in class
  - Your participation benefits everyone
    - the group makes the seminar
- “Cheap” 8 credit points
  - Don’t underestimate the time it takes to understand a paper, prepare a talk, and write a report
  - So take it seriously!

# Schedule

- **17 April** – Introduction ◀ You are here
- **24 April** – Lectures:
  - “How to read an academic paper”
  - “How to give a good talk”
- **8 May** – First presentation by a student
- ... 8 more weekly presentations
- **24 July** – Last presentation by a student
- **21 August** – Report deadline



# Introduction to the topics



# Vision or graphics?



# Vision or graphics?



# Vision or graphics?





# Vision or graphics?



# Vision or graphics?



# Vision or graphics?



# Vision or graphics?



## Song Hye Kyo



# Vision or graphics?



# Geometry

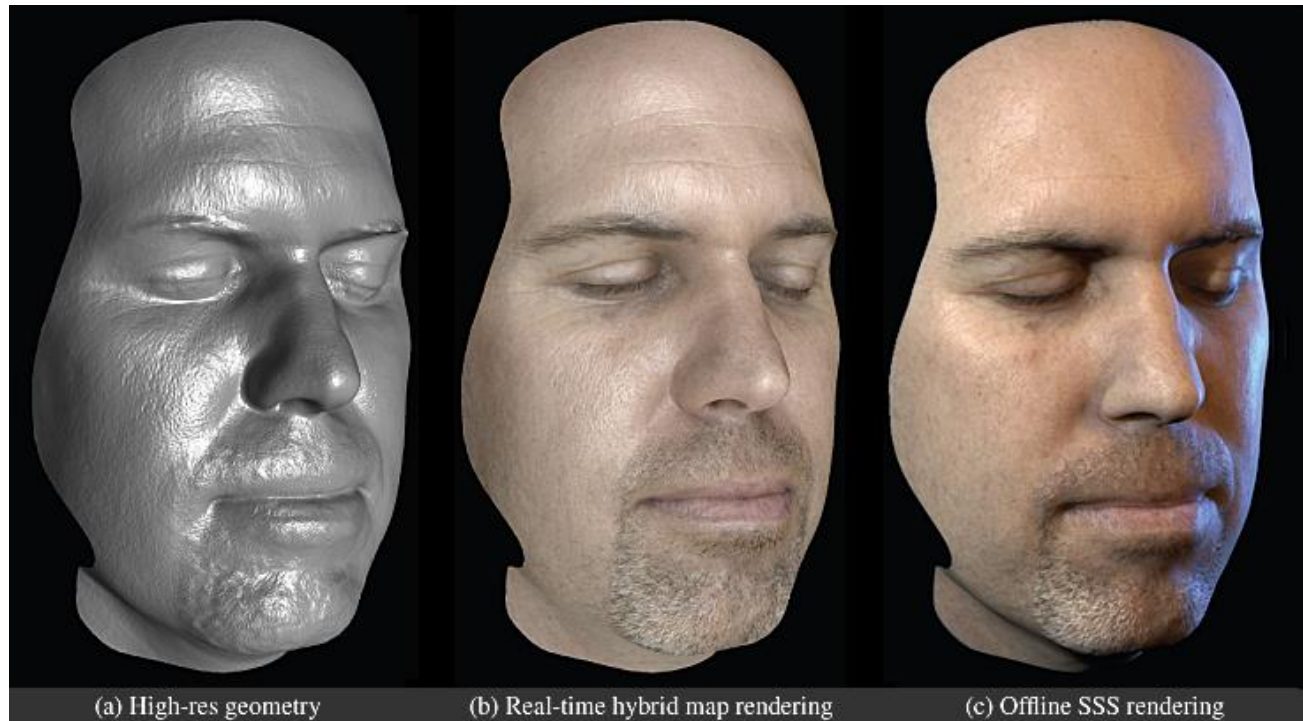
- e.g. environment models



[Bokeloh et al., Eurographics 2009]

# Appearance

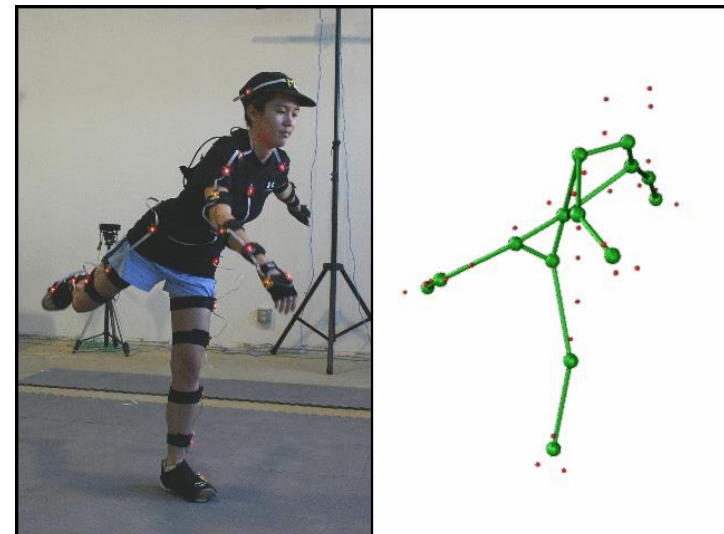
- e.g. human appearance models:



[Ma et al., EGSR 2007]

# Motion

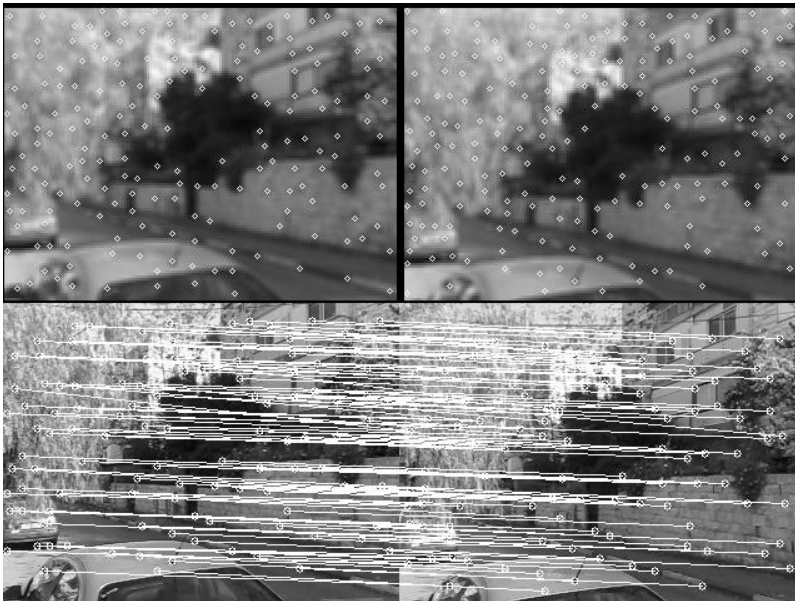
- e.g. marker-based performance capture:





# Computer vision

- Low-level vision:



Feature detection  
& correspondence



Optical flow

# Computer vision

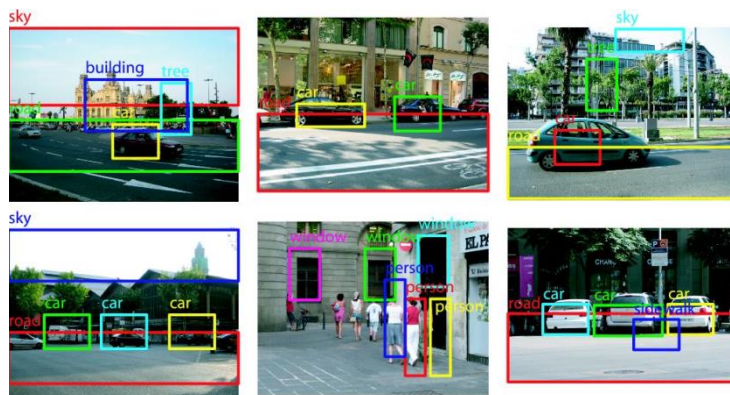
- High-level vision:
  - Scene understanding / recognition / reconstruction



Human motion estimation

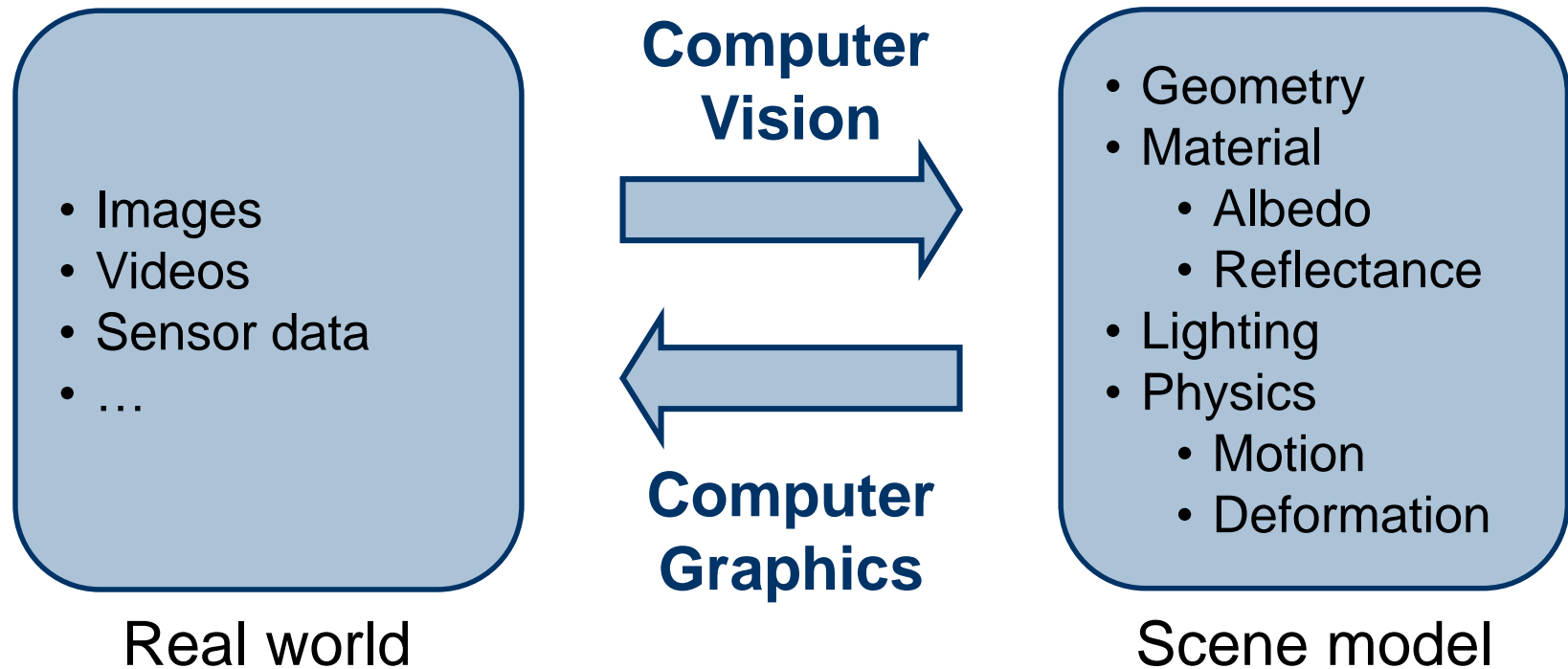


Multi-view stereo reconstruction



Object recognition

# Computer Graphics / Computer Vision



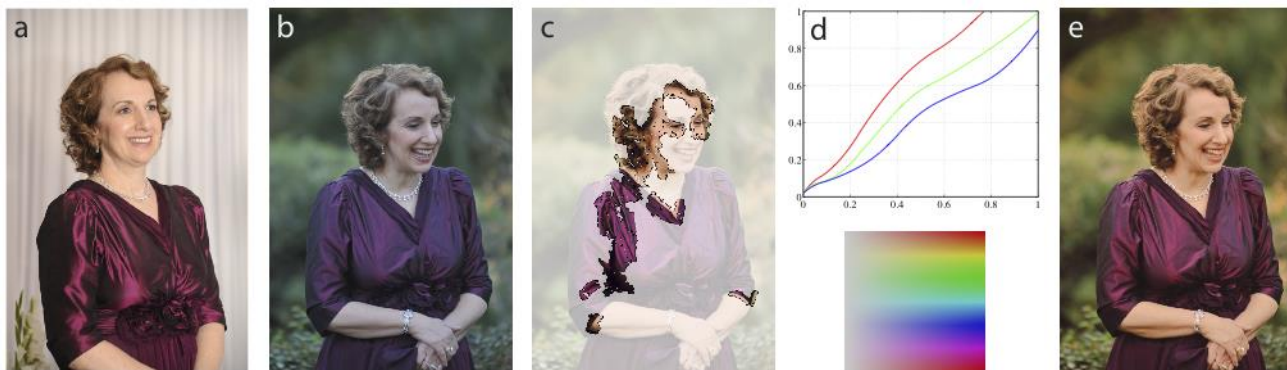
# Topics

- Covering state-of-the-art research papers
- Strong focus on top conferences and journals in computer vision and computer graphics:
  - ACM SIGGRAPH & ACM SIGGRAPH Asia
  - Eurographics
  - IEEE Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR)
  - International Conference on Computer Vision (ICCV)
  - European Conference on Computer Vision (ECCV)
  - International Journal of Computer Vision (IJCV)
  - IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence (PAMI)



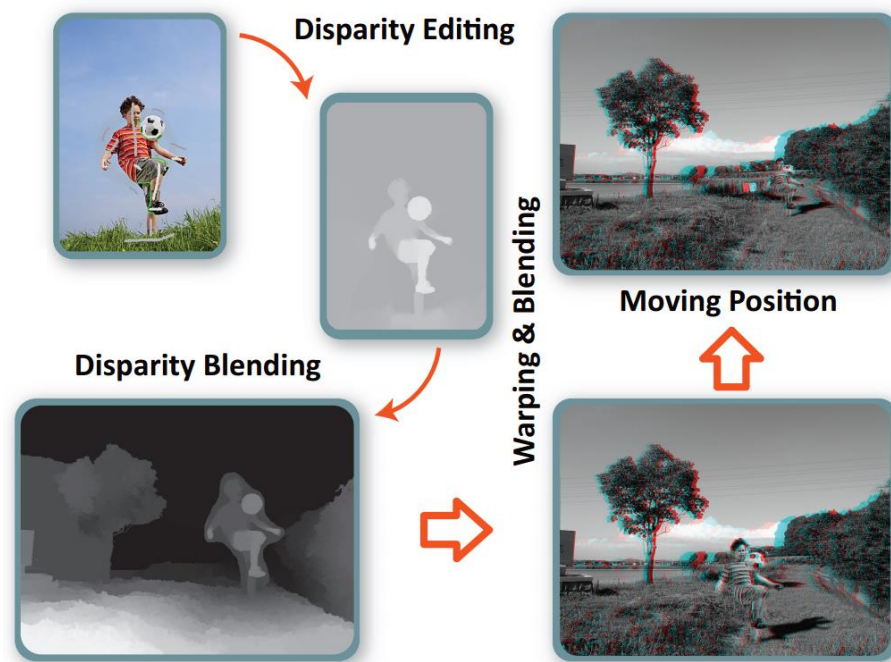
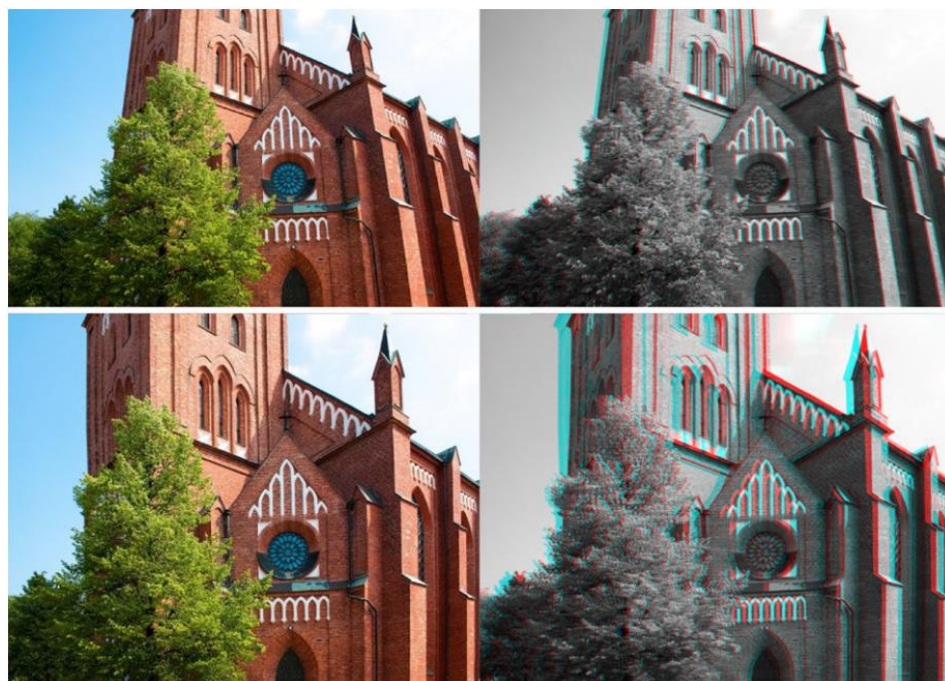
# Dense correspondence

- PatchMatch: A Randomized Correspondence Algorithm for Structural Image Editing (*Barnes et al.*, SIGGRAPH 2009)
- Non-Rigid Dense Correspondence with Applications for Image Enhancement (*HaCohen et al.*, SIGGRAPH 2011)



# Stereoscopic image editing

- Changing Perspective in Stereoscopic Images  
(*Du et al.*, TVCG 2013)
- StereoPasting: Interactive Composition in Stereoscopic Images  
(*Tong et al.*, TVCG 2013)





# Image-based editing

- 3-Sweep: Extracting Editable Objects from a Single Photo  
(Chen *et al.*, SIGGRAPH Asia 2013)
- Interactive Images: Cuboid Proxies for Smart Image Manipulation  
(Zheng *et al.*, SIGGRAPH 2012)



# Image-based editing

- 3-Sweep: Extracting Editable Objects from a Single Photo  
(*Chen et al.*, SIGGRAPH Asia 2013)
- Interactive Images: Cuboid Proxies for Smart Image Manipulation  
(*Zheng et al.*, SIGGRAPH 2012)

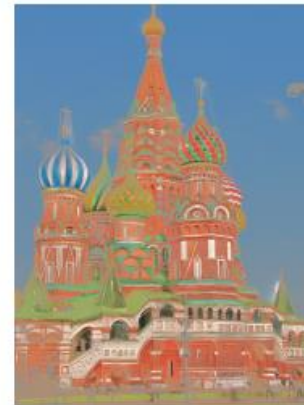


# Intrinsic image decomposition

- User-Assisted Intrinsic Images  
(*Bousseau et al.*, SIGGRAPH Asia 2009)
- Coherent Intrinsic Images from Photo Collections  
(*Laffont et al.*, SIGGRAPH Asia 2012)

## Applications

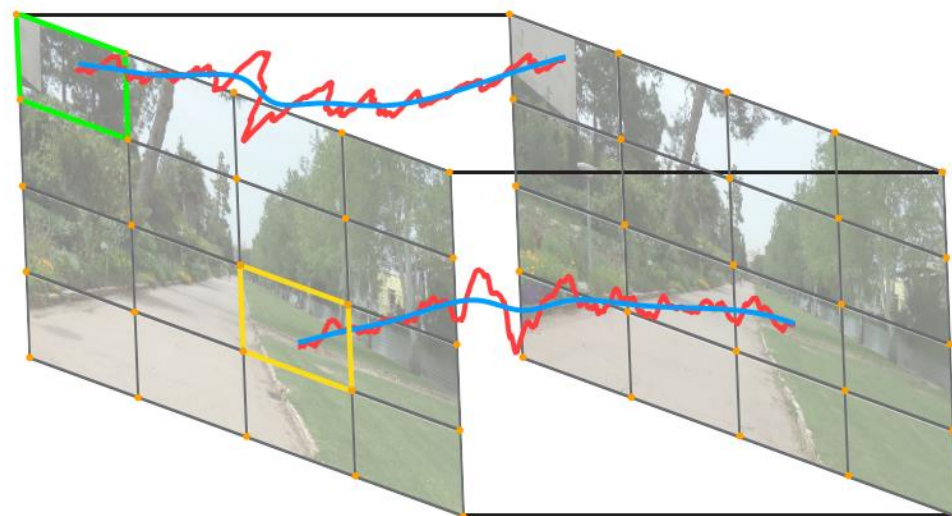
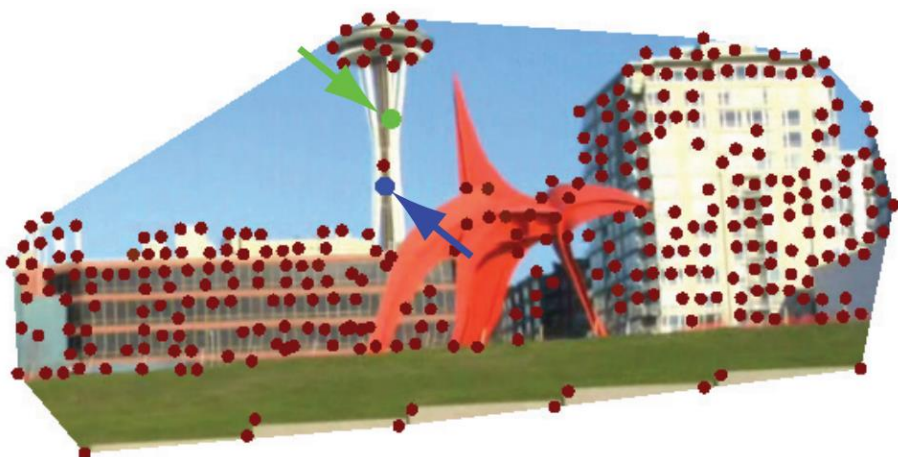
### Re-texturing





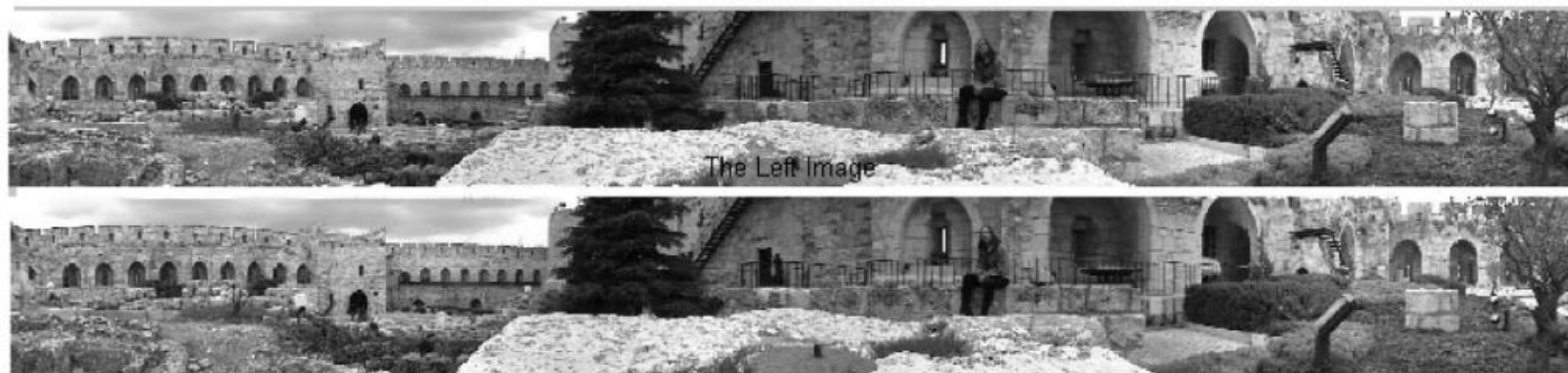
# Video stabilisation

- Subspace Video Stabilization  
(*Liu et al.*, TOG 2011)
- Bundled camera paths for video stabilization  
(*Liu et al.*, SIGGRAPH 2013)



# Multi-perspective panoramas

- Omnistereo: Panoramic Stereo Imaging  
(*Peleg et al.*, PAMI 2001)
- Megastereo: Constructing High-Resolution Stereo Panoramas  
(*Richardt et al.*, CVPR 2013)



# Depth-based SLAM

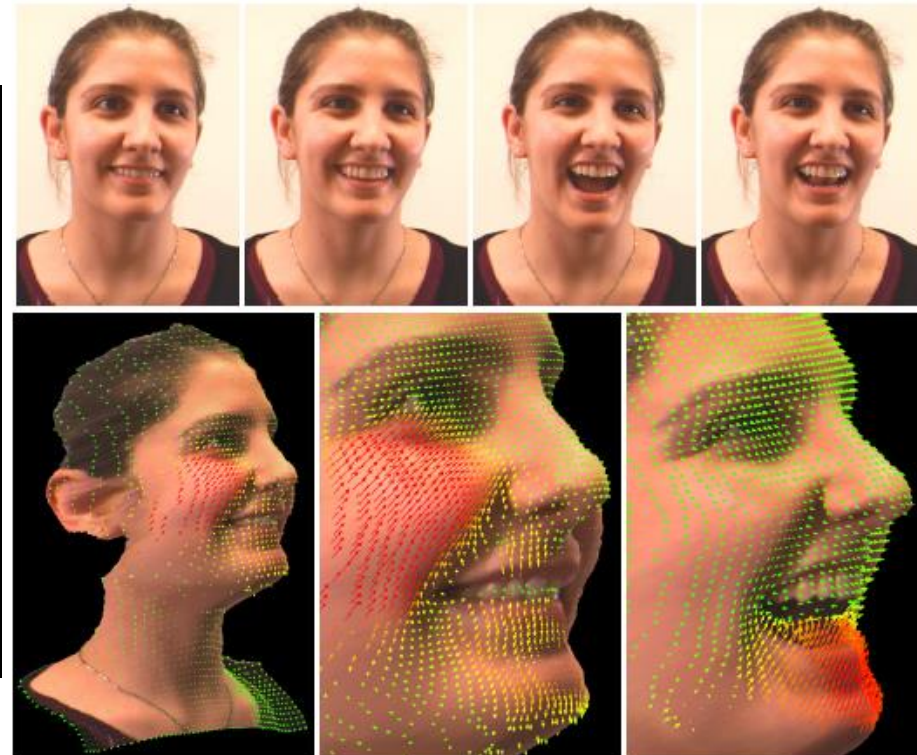
- KinectFusion: Real-time Dense Surface Mapping and Tracking  
(*Newcombe et al.*, ISMAR 2011)
- Real-time 3D Reconstruction at Scale Using Voxel Hashing  
(*Nießner et al.*, SIGGRAPH Asia 2013)





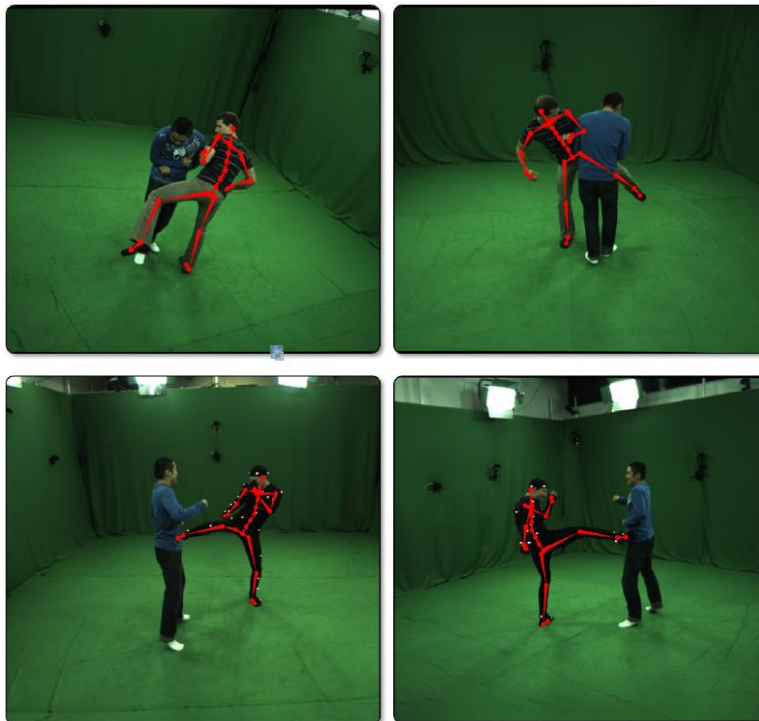
# Multi-view stereo

- Multi-View Stereo Revisited (*Goesele et al.*, CVPR 2006)
- Joint Estimation of Motion, Structure and Geometry from Stereo Sequences (*Valgaerts et al.*, ECCV 2010)



# Human pose estimation I

- Fast Articulated Motion Tracking using a Sums of Gaussians Body Model (*Stoll et al.*, ICCV 2011)
- Markerless Motion Capture with Unsynchronized Moving Cameras (*Hasler et al.*, CVPR 2009)



# Human pose estimation II

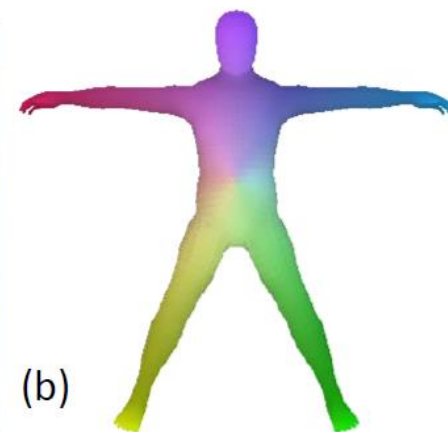
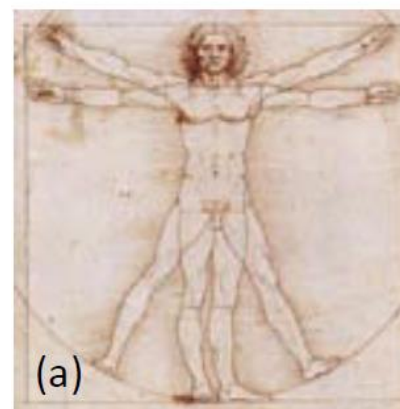
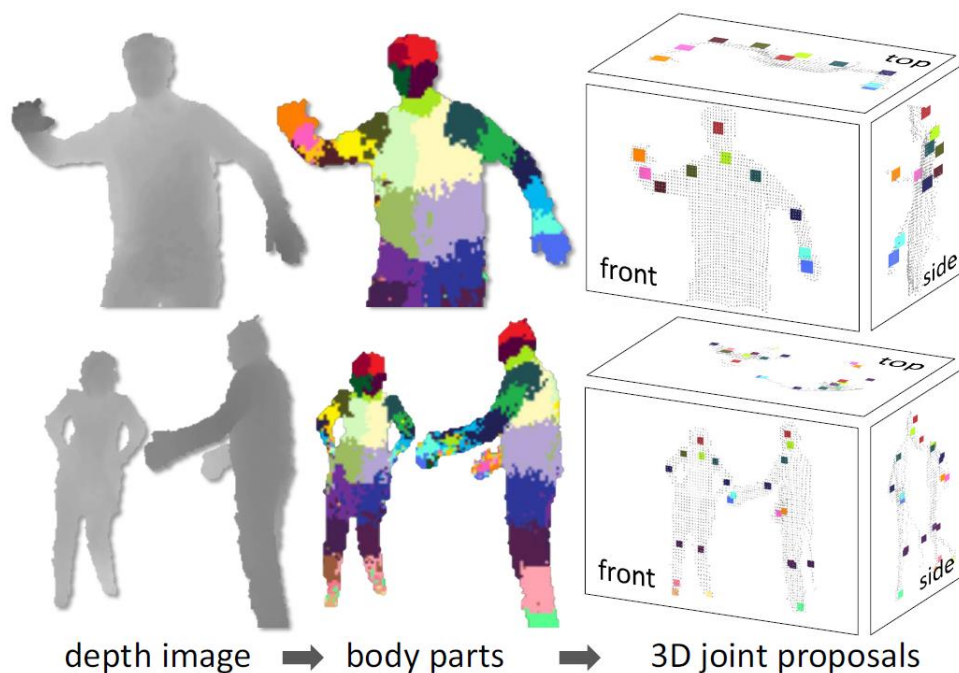
- Pictorial Structures Revisited: People Detection and Articulated Pose Estimation (*Andriluka et al.*, CVPR 2009)
- Strong Appearance and Expressive Spatial Models for Human Pose Estimation (*Pishchulin et al.*, ICCV 2013)





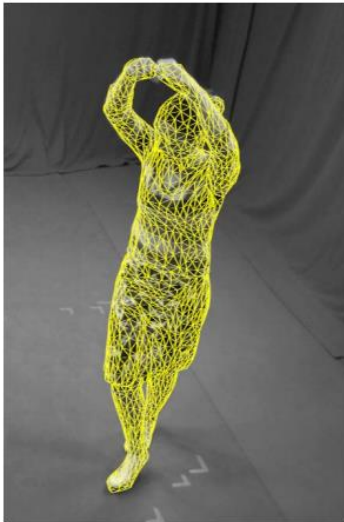
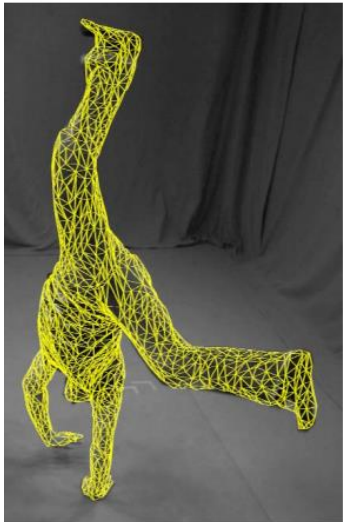
# Human pose estimation III

- Real-Time Human Pose Recognition in Parts from a Single Depth Image (*Shotton et al.*, CVPR 2011)
- The Vitruvian Manifold: Inferring Dense Correspondences for One-Shot Human Pose Estimation (*Taylor et al.*, CVPR 2012)



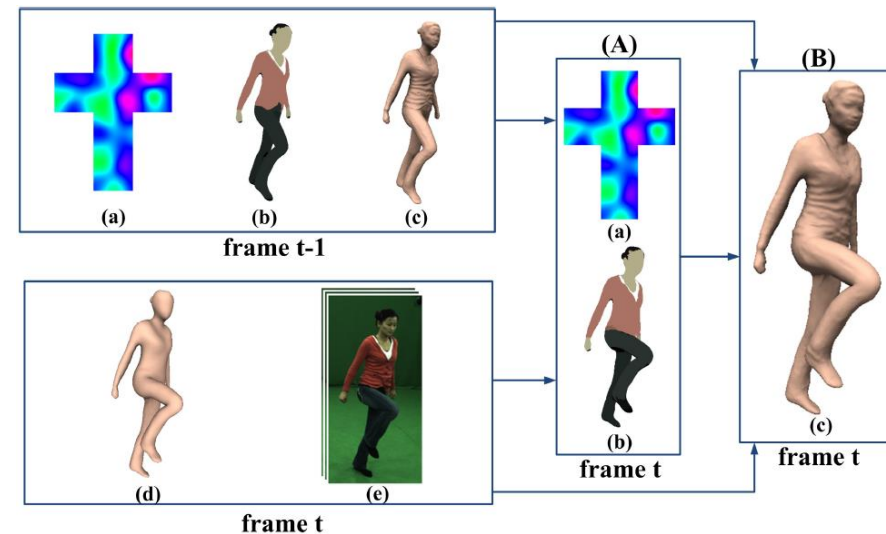
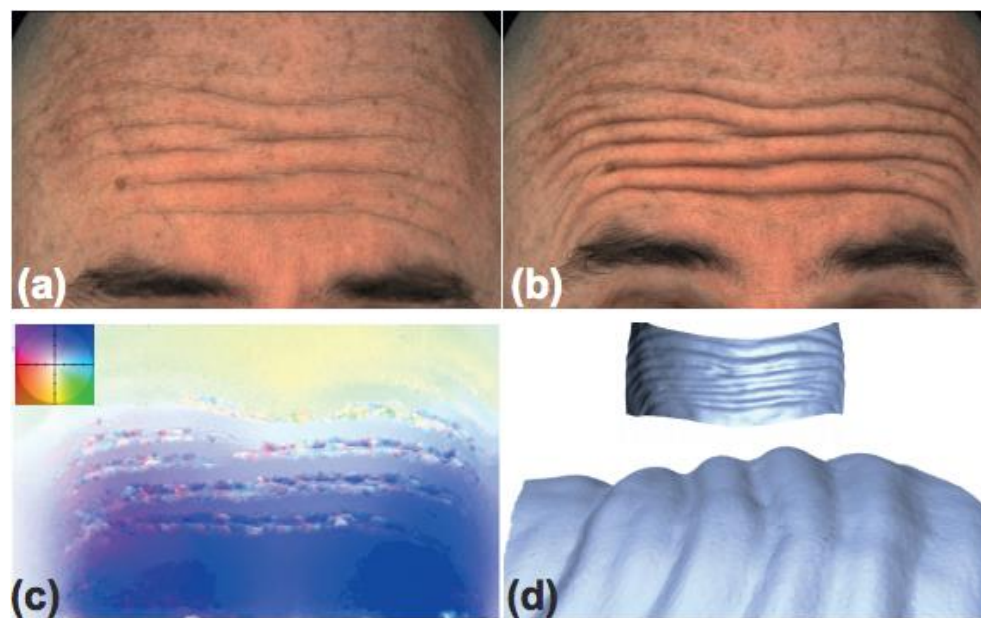
# Performance capture

- Motion Capture Using Joint Skeleton Tracking and Surface Estimation (*Gall et al.*, CVPR 2009)
- Performance Capture from Sparse Multi-view Video (*de Aguiar et al.*, SIGGRAPH 2008)



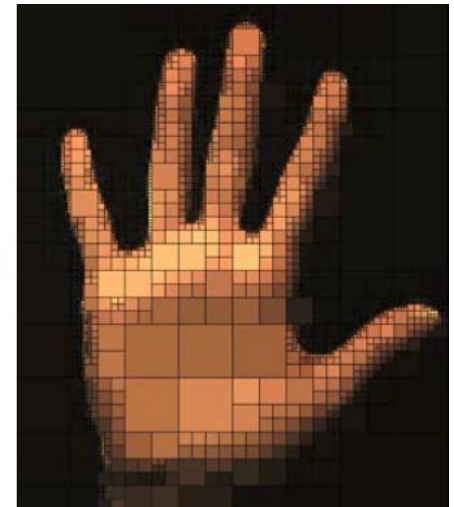
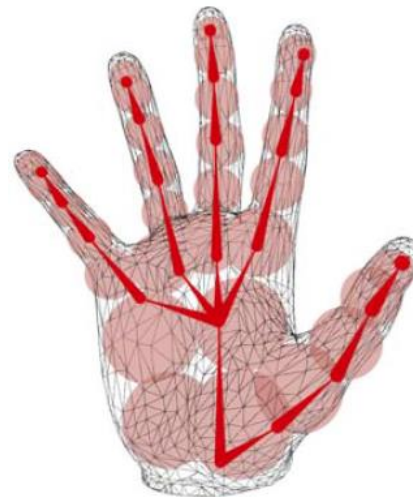
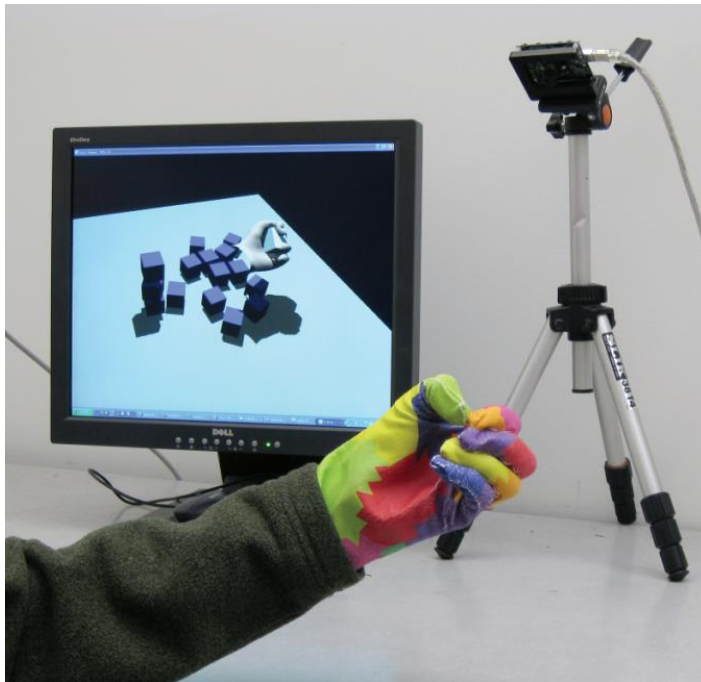
# Shape and reflectance

- Improved Reconstruction of Deforming Surfaces by Cancelling Ambient Occlusion (*Beeler et al.*, ECCV 2012)
- Shading-based Dynamic Shape Refinement from Multi-view Video under General Illumination (*Wu et al.*, ICCV 2011)



# Hand pose estimation

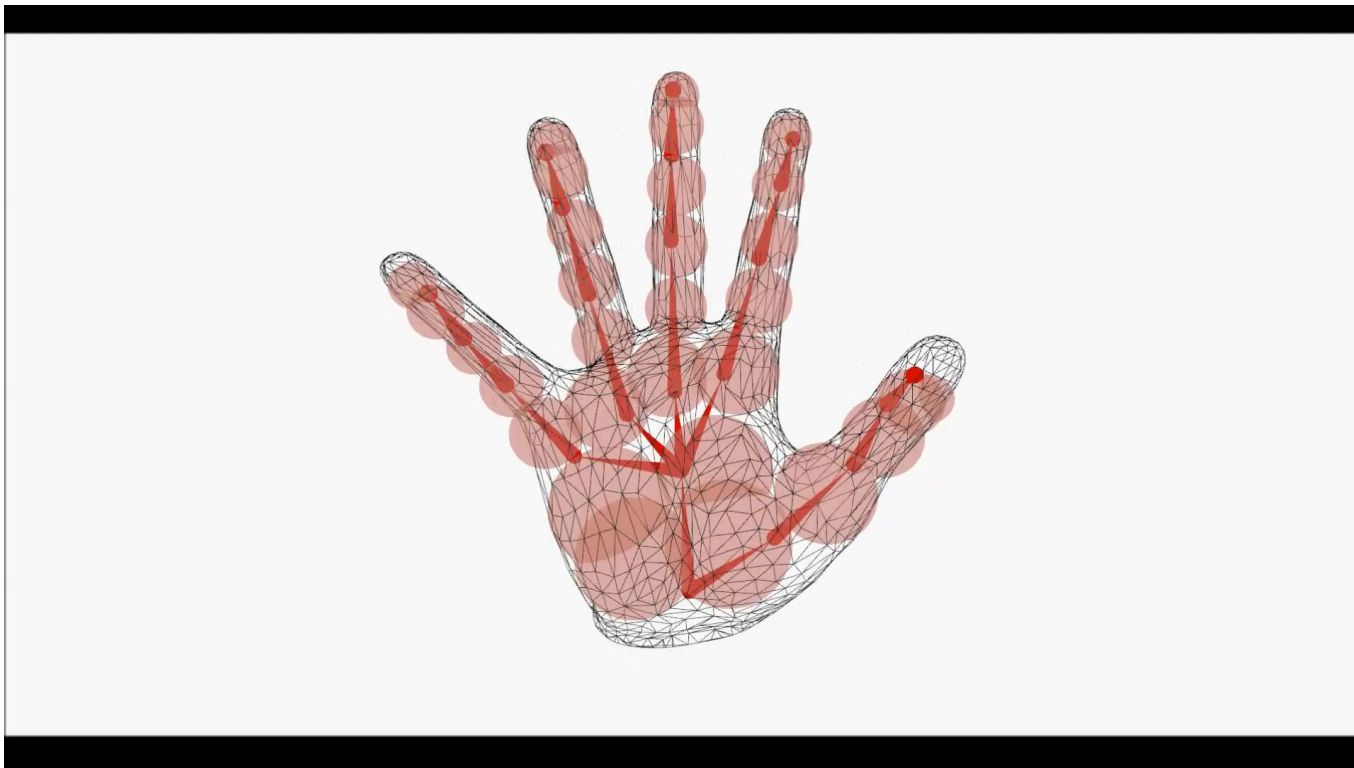
- Real-Time Hand-Tracking with a Color Glove  
(*Wang & Popović*, SIGGRAPH 2009)
- Interactive Markerless Articulated Hand Motion Tracking using RGB and Depth Data (*Sridhar et al.*, ICCV 2013)





# Hand pose estimation

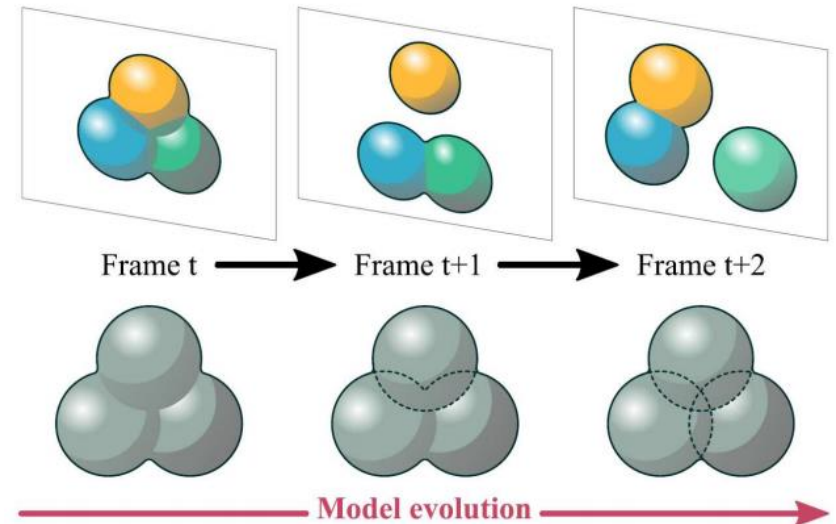
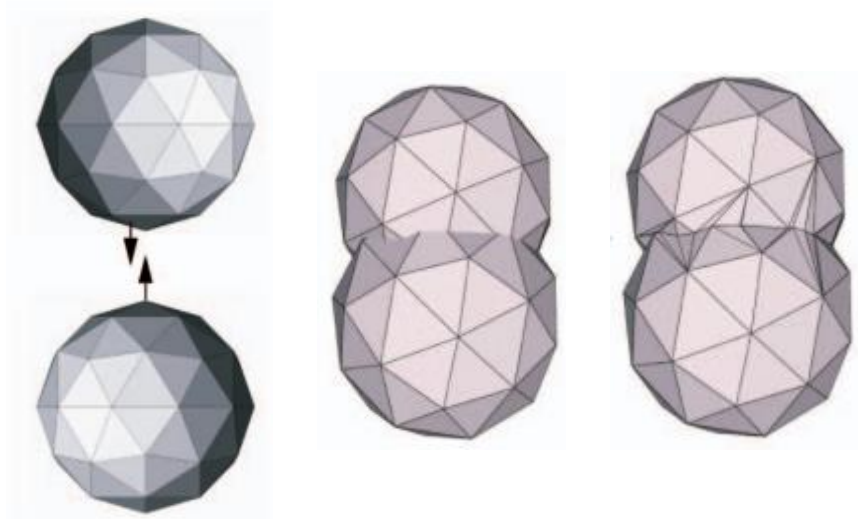
- Real-Time Hand-Tracking with a Color Glove (*Wang & Popović*, SIGGRAPH 2009)
- Interactive Markerless Articulated Hand Motion Tracking using RGB and Depth Data (*Sridhar et al.*, ICCV 2013)





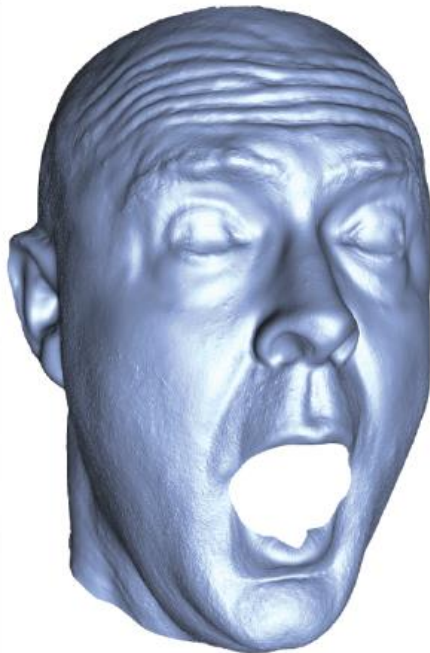
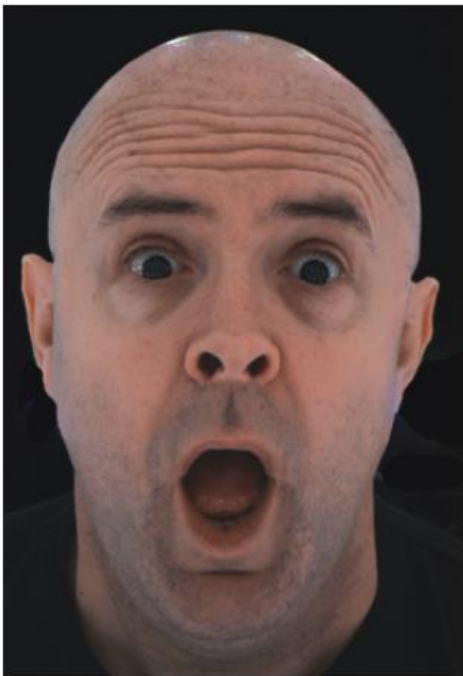
# Topology-adaptive meshes

- Topology-Adaptive Mesh Deformation for Surface Evolution, Morphing, and Multiview Reconstruction  
(Zaharescu *et al.*, PAMI 2011)
- Progressive Shape Models  
(Letouzey and Boyer, CVPR 2012)



# Facial performance capture I

- High-Quality Passive Facial Performance Capture using Anchor Frames (*Beeler et al.*, SIGGRAPH 2011)
- Reconstructing Detailed Dynamic Face Geometry from Monocular Video (*Garrido et al.*, SIGGRAPH Asia 2013)



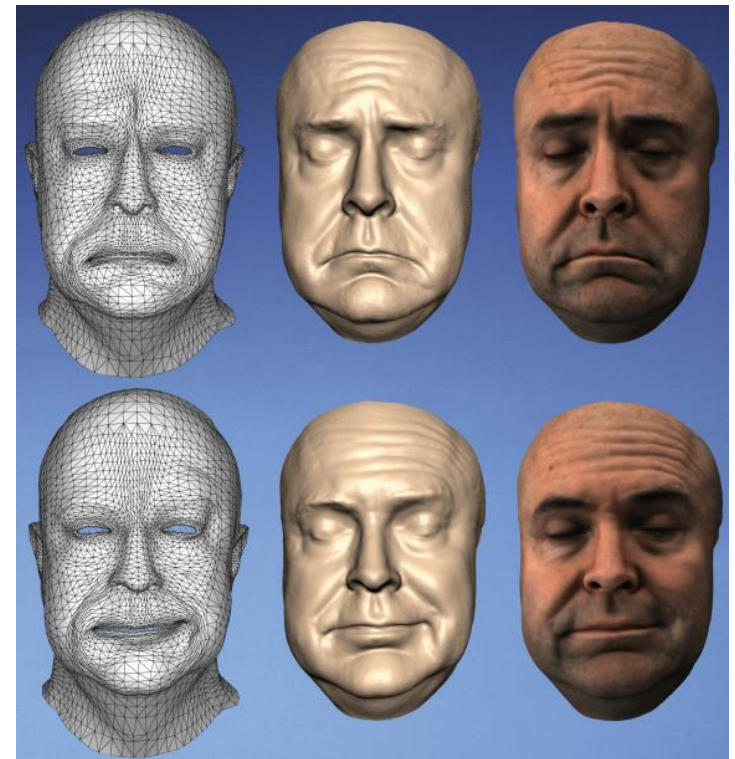
# Facial performance capture II

- 3D Shape Regression for Real-time Facial Animation  
(Cao *et al.*, SIGGRAPH 2013)
- Online Modeling For Realtime Facial Animation  
(Bouaziz *et al.*, SIGGRAPH 2013)



# Facial performance capture III

- Sparse Localized Deformation Components (*Neumann et al.*, SIGGRAPH Asia 2013)
- Facial Performance Enhancement using Dynamic Shape Space Analysis (*Bermano et al.*, TOG 2014, to appear)





# Summary

- Topic assignment:
  - Send a list of 3 topics (in order of preference) until **Monday, 21 April 2014**
  - Slots are filled in first-come, first-served fashion
  - We will try to accommodate wishes as much as possible
  - Topics will be assigned on **Tuesday, 22 April 2014**
- First topic presentation: **Thursday, 8 May 2014**
- Next week:
  - “How to read an academic paper”
  - “How to give a good talk”
- Questions?

# Applications: The Foundry Showreel

